



INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

Výukový materiál zpracován v rámci projektu EU peníze školám

Registrační číslo projektu: CZ.1.07/1.4.00/21.3149

Šablona:	III/2	č. materiálu:	VY_32_INOVACE_140
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Vzdělávací oblast:	Jazyk a jazyková komunikace
Tematická oblast:	Slovesa
Předmět:	Anglický jazyk
Výstižný popis způsobu využití nebo metodické pokyny:	1. žák vypracovává opakovací test: doplňuje do vět tvary slovesa „to be“ v přítomném a minulém čase, tvoří otázky pomocí slovesa „have got“, používá sloveso „can“ v kladných a záporných větách, tvoří záporné věty v přítomném čase průběhovém, doplňuje

	<p>správné tvary sloves v přítomném čase prostém, rozlišuje rozdíly v použití mezi přítomným časem prostým a průběhovým</p>
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Pracovní list –opakovací test

1.Complete.

I'm you're(2) he's she's we're they're

A: Hello, I'm Jane.

B: Hi,Petra.These are Mark and Nick -my brothers.

A: Where are you from?

B: from Czech Republic.

A: from Czech Republic! My dad is from Czech Republic, too.
..... from Brno.

B: Is your mum Czech , too?

A: No, British..

B: lucky! Czech and British!

2. Write questions. Use **have/has got** :

(a nice flat/you?).....

(blue eyes/you mum?).....

(an old car/you dad?).....

(a pet/ you).....

3.Write true sentences: Use **can / can't** :

Rabbit: run/ ride a bike.....

Dog: run/fly.....

Budgie: talk/read.....

Tortoise: move/ run.....

Hamster: run/ play tennis.....

4. Write sentences. Use **present continuous – negative**:

(have dinner / he).....

(watch television/ you).....

(laugh/ it).....

(read a book/we).....

(write a letter/ I).....

5. Complete these sentences with the **right form** of the verb:

She usually (wear).....jeans, but now she (wear) a skirt.

They often (go).....to the cinema, but today they (go)..... to the zoo.

He usually (work)..... with computer, but now he (work)in the garden.

She often (read)..... books, but at the moment she (watch).....TV.

Every Friday he (do)judo , but this Friday he (do) his homework.

6. Write **negative** sentences. Use **present simple**:

(watch TV/I).....

(go to the theatre/ you).....

(ride a bike/she).....

(eat in restaurants/we).....

(travel by train/ he).....

7. Put in **was/were** or **wasn't/weren't** :

Wehappy with the hotel. Our room..... small and it
..... dirty.

He.....at work last week because he.....ill.

Yesterday..... a public holiday so the shops..... closed.

..... Jane and Mark at the party? Jane but Mark

You..... at home last night. Where.....you?

Pracovní list – opakovací test – řešení

1. Complete.

I'm you're(2) he's she's we're they're

A: Hello, I'm Jane.

B: Hi, ...I'm.....Petra. These are Mark and Nick - ...they're my brothers.

A: Where are you from?

B: ...We're..... from Czech Republic.

A: ...You're..... from Czech Republic! My dad is from Czech Republic, too.
...He's..... from Brno.

B: Is your mum Czech , too?

A: No, ...she's..... British..

B: ...You're..... lucky! Czech and British!

2. Write questions. Use **have/has got** :

(a nice flat/you?) **Have you got a nice flat?**

(blue eyes/you mum?) **Has your mum got blue eyes?**

(an old car/you dad?) **Has your dad got an old car?**

(a pet/ you) **Have you got a pet?**

3. Write true sentences: Use **can / can't** :

Rabbit: run/ ride a bike **A rabbit can run , but it can't ride a bike.**

Dog: run/fly **A dog can run , but it can't fly.**

Budgie: talk/read A budgie can talk ,but it can't read.

Tortoise: move/ run A tortoise can move, but it can't run.

Hamster: run/ play tennis A hamster can run, but it can't play tennis.

4. Write sentences. Use **present continuous – negative**:

(have dinner / he) He isn't having dinner.

(watch television/ you) You aren't watching television.

(laugh/ it) It isn't laughing.

(read a book/we) We aren't reading a book.

(write a letter/ I) I'm not writing a letter.

5.Complete these sentences with the **right form** of the verb:

She usually (wear)**wears**....jeans, but now she (wear) **is wearing**... a skirt.

They often (go) **go**.....to the cinema, but today they (go)...**are going**..... to the zoo.

He usually (work)...**works**.. with computer, but now he (work) ...**is working**.....in the garden.

She often (read)...**reads**..... books, but at the moment she (watch)...**is watching**.....TV.

Every Friday he (do) ...**does**....judo , but this Friday he (do) ...**is doing**..... his homework.

6.Write **negative** sentences. Use **present simple**:

(watch TV/I) I **don't watch TV**.

(go to the theatre/ you) **You don't go to the theatre**.

(ride a bike/she) **She doesn't ride a bike.**

(eat in restaurants/we) **We don't eat in restaurants.**

(travel by train/ he) **He doesn't travel by train.**

7. Put in **was/were** or **wasn't/weren't** :

We ...**weren't**....happy with the hotel. Our room...**was**..... small and it ...**was**.... dirty.

He...**wasn't**....at work last week because he...**was**.....ill.

Yesterday...**was**... a public holiday so the shops...**were**..... closed.

...**Were**..... Jane and Mark at the party? Jane **was**..... but Mark ...**wasn't** .

You...**weren't**..... at home last night. Where...**were**.....you?

Zdroj:

Betáková, Lucie – Dvořáková, Kateřina: Angličtina 6 way to win. Pracovní sešit pro základní školy a víceletá gymnázia. Plzeň, Nakladatelství Fraus, 2005. ISBN 80-7238-371-X.